## IN THE CLAIMS

- Claim 1 (original). A process for preparing a polyacrylate having an at least bimodal molecular weight distribution, characterized in that a monomer mixture which comprises
  - a1) acrylic acid and/or acrylic esters of the formula  $CH_2=C(R')(COOR^2)$ , where R' = H or  $CH_3$  and  $R^2$  is an alkyl chain having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, at 70%-100% by weight, based on the polymer,
  - a2) olefinically unsaturated monomers containing functional groups, at 0-30% by weight, based on the polymer, is polymerized in an at least two-phase free-radical polymerization to give a polyacrylate having a broad, at least bimodal molecular weight distribution, polymerization taking place in a first phase of the at least two-phase polymerization, by means of a low initiator concentration relative to the monomer, to give a first polymer having a molecular weight which is high on average, and, before the monomer mixture has been completely consumed by reaction, a next phase of polymerization is started, by the addition at least once of a regulator, and in this further phase or further phases a further polymer is synthesized having a molecular weight which is relatively low on average.
- Claim 2 (currently amended). The process of claim 1, characterized in that wherein the at least two-phase free-radical polymerization is taken to a total conversion of all phases of greater than 97%.
- Claim 3 (currently amended). The process of claim 1 or 2, characterized in that wherein the polymerization is carried out in two phases and a bimodal molecular weight distribution is built up, the molecular weight maxima in the molecular weight distributions of the two polymers being preferably at least 50 000 g/mol apart.

- Claim 4 (currently amended). The process of any one of claims 1 to 3, characterized in that claim 1, wherein the polydispersity of the polymers is greater than 6.
- Claim 5 (currenty amended). The process of any one of claims 1 to 4,

  characterized in that claim 1, wherein the molar ratio of monomer mixture to initiator is less than 0.005, preferably less than 0.003.
- Claim 6 (currently amended). The process of any one of claims 1 to 5,

  characterized in that claim 1, wherein the addition of initiator takes place in two or more steps.
- Claim 7 (currently amended). The process of any one of claims 1 to 6,

  characterized in that claim 1, wherein said at least one regulator is selected

  from the group consisting of alcohols, ethers, dithioethers, dithiocarbonates,

  trithiocarbonates, nitroxides, alkyl bromides, thiols, TEMPO or and TEMPO

  derivatives are used as regulators.
- Claim 8 (currently amended). The process of any one of claims 1 to 7,

  characterized in that claim 1, wherein the regulator is added no earlier than

  after one hour's polymerization time but no later than two hours before the end of
  polymerization.
- Claim 9 (currently amended). A polyacrylate as obtainable obtained by the

  process of claim 1, according to any one of claims 1 to 8, characterized in
  that it comprises comprising the following monomer units:
  - a1) acrylic acid and/or acrylic esters of the formula  $CH_2=C(R')(COOR^2)$ , where R' = H or  $CH_3$  and  $R^2$  is a linear, branched or cyclic alkyl chain having 1 to 20 carbon atoms,
  - at 70%-100% by weight, based on the polymer,
  - a2) olefinically unsaturated monomers containing functional groups,

- at 0-30% by weight, based on the polymer, and **in that it has having** a broad, at least bimodal molecular weight distribution, the molecular weight maxima in the molecular weight distributions of at least two polymers being **preferably** at least 50 000 g/mol apart.
- Claim 10 (currently amended). The polyacrylate of claim 9, characterized in that wherein the olefinically unsaturated monomers containing functional groups are selected from the following group consisting of vinyl compounds containing functional groups: maleic anhydride, vinyl acetate, acrylamides, and double-bond-functionalized photoinitiators containing functional groups.
- Claim 11 (currently amended). The polyacrylate of claim 9 or 10, characterized in that it further comprises further comprising crosslinkers, photoinitiators, resins customary for polyacrylates, plasticizers, fillers, expandants, compounding agents and/or aging inhibitors.
- Claim 12 (currently amended).. The use of the polyacrylate of any one of the preceding claims as a A pressure-sensitive adhesive comprising the polyacrylate of claim 9.
- Claim 13 (currently amended). The use of claim 12-for an An adhesive tape

  comprising the pressure-sensitive adhesive of claim 12, the acrylate

  pressure-sensitive adhesive being present as a single-sided or doublesided film on a on one or both sides of a carrier film.